

CHANNEL CENTRE DIVIDING LINE

Probable Solution Found for Virginia-Maryland Boundary Controversy.

WALKER MAKES PROPOSAL

Suggestion Will Be Submitted to General Assemblies of Two States.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Lancaster, Va., September 14.—The committee appointed by the General Assembly of Virginia and the General Assembly of Maryland at their last sessions for the purpose of fixing and naming the boundary on the southern bank of the Potomac River, along which line is to be run to mark the territorial boundary of the two States, met last week at Lewisetta, near the mouth of the Potomac. The Virginia committee, consisting of Senator C. Hardin Walker, of Northumberland, and Delegates R. O. Norris, of Lancaster, and Thomas Brown, of Westmoreland, came on the Commodore Maury, the flagship of the Virginia navy, under command of State Fish Commissioner, and was organized, with Thomas Brown as chairman, Frank P. Brent as secretary, and Fish Commissioner Lee as an advisory member.

The Maryland committee, consisting of Senators Benson, Wilkinson and Frere and Delegates Hargett, Phillips, and Hancock, carried down from the State fish steamer Governor Thomas, Captain Howard Commander. The delegation was attended by Swenson Earle, hydrographic engineer of the State Fish Commission of the State of Maryland, who acted as an advisor to the committee.

Senator Benson Chairman.
Soon after their arrival the two committees held a joint session and organized, with Senator Benson of Maryland, as chairman, and Senator Walker of Virginia, as secretary. After having examined the resolutions, under which they were to act and other provisions relating to the boundary, the joint committee adopted a program for expediting its work and proceeded to business.

Leaving Lewisetta, the two committees proceeded up the Potomac on the Maryland steamer Governor Thomas, followed by the Commodore Maury. The two committees, after examining the headlands and indentations on the southern bank of the river, were carefully observed by the members of the two committees, and the United States government charts of the river were studied. The trip the Virginians were handsomely entertained at luncheon by the Marylanders. A stop was made at the beautiful and picturesque town of Colonial Beach, in the upper part of Westmoreland, where the Virginians entertained the Marylanders at dinner at the Walcott Hotel.

On returning down the river another joint meeting was held, and the members began to study the conditions on which an agreement might be reached. In the course of the discussion it became evident that the Marylanders would not agree to any provision that would exclude their citizens from oystering and fishing in the bays and the mouths of the estuaries and rivers on the southern side of the Potomac without a provision to exclude Virginians from fishing and oystering in the waters on the northern side of the river. In an able and thorough discussion of the subject Senator Walker, of Virginia, expressed the opinion, which he said had been long held by him, that the time would soon come, if it had not already come, when the people of both States would be willing to fix the middle thread of the channel of the Potomac River as the boundary of the two States for the purpose of fishing and oystering, and the civil jurisdiction for determining the civil jurisdiction of the two States. The suggestion of Senator Walker was at once received with enthusiastic approval by all the members of both committees, and a resolution was unanimously adopted for

CODEIN AND DIABETES

Jambul, Codein and Fulton's Diabetic Compound are known to reduce sugar in diabetes. Why Jambul should reduce sugar in diabetes is not clear, but it is a fact. Why Codein, which is largely used, reduces sugar in diabetes is known. Codein in it looks up the secretions, including the sugar, and the patient is cured, and the patients do not recover. Fulton's Diabetic Compound, the only one of the three agents known to have known to be permanent, gets its results by reducing hepatic degeneration, thus enabling the liver to oxidize more sugar and the system to assimilate it. The patient's appetite recovers, and a single exception is far as we know, on Fulton's Diabetic Compound. We have heard of cases recovering under Jambul or Codein.

In view of these plain facts, how can there be question in the mind of any one who has diabetes as to what his treatment should be? If you have diabetes and are of middle age or over, you owe it to yourself and to your family to try Fulton's Diabetic Compound before giving up. Booklet Drug Co., Owens & Minor Drug Co. and Power's Drug Co. For pamphlet write John J. Fulton Co., San Francisco—Advertisement.

Noah's Liniment is best remedy for Rheumatism, Stiff Joints and Muscles, Sore Throat, Colds, Strains, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Colic, Cramps, Neuralgia, Toothache, and all Nerve, Bone and Muscle Aches and Pains. The genuine Noah's Ark on every package and looks like this out, but has RED band on back of package. Noah's Liniment always in RED ink. Beware of imitations. Large bottle, 25 cents, and small bottle, 10 cents. Guaranteed or money refunded by Name. Write to J. J. Fulton Co., Inc., Richmond, Va.

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Even as the piano is the chief instrument in the interpretation of music, so does the STEINWAY dominate all other pianos.

Through five centuries, marking the evolution of the piano, no time has had so great an influence or has meant so much in the production of the piano as the name STEINWAY. To own a STEINWAY is to possess the BEST.

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the appointment of a joint subcommittee consisting of two from each State to draft a report embodying Senator Walker's proposition to be submitted to the General Assembly of each State at the next session. The members selected for this committee are Senator Walker and Delegate Brown, on the part of Virginia, and Senators Benson and Frere, on the part of Maryland.

May Prove Solution.
The opinion prevailed that this would prove to be a happy solution of the difficult problem of defining and fixing the territorial boundary of the two States along the Potomac, since the establishment of the middle thread of the river channel as the boundary for fishing and oystering would effectually remove all obstacles that now stand in the way of fixing the headlands and running the territorial dividing line along the southern bank of the Potomac as provided in the Black-Jenkins award of 1877.

Should Senator Walker's proposition be ratified by both Virginia and Maryland, which now seem probable, the probable, the citizens of each State would have exclusive right to catch fish and oysters from the bank on the side of their State to the middle thread of the river. The middle thread boundary would remain as fixed by the award of 1877, at low water mark on the southern side of the river, except such portion of the river as lie south of lines drawn from headland to headland. This would include the inlets, estuaries and mouths of rivers on the south side within the territorial bounds of Virginia.

All the meetings were characterized by the utmost good feeling, and the Virginians were most courteous and hospitable to the Marylanders. The Virginians were handsomely entertained at luncheon by the Marylanders. A stop was made at the beautiful and picturesque town of Colonial Beach, in the upper part of Westmoreland, where the Virginians entertained the Marylanders at dinner at the Walcott Hotel.

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thousands attend opening services conducted by well-known evangelist.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Danville, Va., September 14.—With every available seat filled and many standing in the aisles of the Ridge Street Tabernacle, "Gypsy" Smith, the well-known evangelist, this afternoon opened revival services which will last for two weeks. Members of the Bible classes of the eighteen city churches marched in a body to the big building, and long before the service opened it was filled to its capacity. The theme taken for the evangelist this afternoon was "Jesus." At night he spoke in an equally well-filled house, many people coming to the city in horse conveyances and automobiles.

There have been manifested in the meetings which opened here today, ever since it became known that the services of the evangelist had been secured. One of the first things to be taken up by the ministerial union was to thoroughly overhaul and repair the Ridge Street Tabernacle, a large wooden structure which was built years ago for the Sam Jones revival. In view of these plain facts, how can there be question in the mind of any one who has diabetes as to what his treatment should be? If you have diabetes and are of middle age or over, you owe it to yourself and to your family to try Fulton's Diabetic Compound before giving up. Booklet Drug Co., Owens & Minor Drug Co. and Power's Drug Co. For pamphlet write John J. Fulton Co., San Francisco—Advertisement.

CALL IS EXTENDED TO REVEREND F. F. MARTIN
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Suffolk, Va., September 14.—At a congressional meeting held this morning at the Suffolk Baptist Church a unanimous call indorsed by more than 400 members was extended to Rev. Furman H. Martin, of the Charlotteville Baptist Church, to the pastorate of the Suffolk Church. Dr. Martin is regarded as one of the strongest men of his denomination in the State.

The pulpit of the Suffolk Church has been vacant since July, when Rev. R. A. McFarland, whose three-year pastorate in Suffolk was crowned with phenomenal success, returned to his former charge in Scotland Neck, N. C.

The Suffolk Church building recently completed is one of the largest and handsomest structures in this section, and the church and Sunday school are splendidly organized. The congregation believes Mr. Martin will regard the call favorably.

CAVALRY OFFICER THROWN FROM HORSE

CAVALRY ORDERED TO MEXICAN LINE

(Continued From First Page.)

erted by the Constitutionalist for recognition of their belligerency and the right to import arms. Their representatives here are making every effort to bring this to the attention of Senators.

Pleaded for Constitutionalists.
Senator Francisco Escudero, Minister of Finance and special envoy of the Constitutional government to Washington, had a long conference with Senator Bacon (today) and Senator Shippard, of Texas, who believes the Constitutionalist should be recognized. Recognition and the privilege of buying arms in this country would mean the end of Huerta, Senator Shippard declared.

In his argument to Senator Bacon, Escudero was careful not to overstep the diplomatic proprieties by making an appeal to Congress direct. He laid great stress on the optimistic outlook for his fellow patriots and the dismal failure before the Huerta government and its chief supporters.

He gave the chairman of the Senate Committee some interesting details concerning conditions as they exist today throughout the revolutionary districts of the republic, and expressed his firm conviction that if permitted to buy such munitions of war as they needed, the revolutionists would soon master the situation.

Senator Escudero pledged the Constitutionalists to do all within power to protect the lives and property of Americans in Mexico and strongly deplored that when his party came into power it would recognize the claims of American citizens and the American government and provide for their payment.

He stated that if the revolutionists were to have a pretty definite belief that General Huerta will resign as Provisional President and stand for re-election. This belief is strong that they intimate Huerta has planned to resign after the election districts after his "resignation," and thus assure his re-election.

Ominous Developments.
Sudden and ominous developments in the Mexican situation caused alarm among administration officials to-night. Warning dispatches from Americans received by the State Department and transmitted to President Wilson, at San Francisco, N. H., caused him to shorten his stay there. He will leave for Washington to-morrow, whereas he had planned to remain at San Francisco for some days, unless developments in the Mexican situation should be such.

The warnings received by the State Department advised the United States to watch closely for possible serious developments—the events of Tuesday, September 16—from Mexico City. That the Mexican situation is becoming more serious in connection with the coming of Congress, General Huerta has ordered a great military demonstration at his capital. It has been known that excitement would run high, and it is admitted that the revolutionists are popular with the Huerta faction. The dispatches, however, do not specify the real danger.

Both army and navy officials declare that there has been no special order to either army or navy by Huerta to any prospective disturbances in Mexico City. There are four battleships at Vera Cruz, however, and a large number of marines could be rushed to the Mexican capital in case of an outbreak.

A report reached here to-night that Morris P. Root, nephew of Senator Root, of New York, had been killed by rebels at Tepic, Mexico. An official communication was received at the State Department, but dispatches were sent immediately to United States consular agents demanding a full investigation.

Refugees in Hands of Rebels.
Mexico City, September 14.—One hundred American refugees from Torreon, many women and children, are reported to have fallen into the hands of rebels while proceeding to Saltillo. The authorities at Saltillo decline to take the responsibility of their care, and the refugees, fearing that the rebels might commit atrocities which otherwise might be avoided.

The report comes from an official source at Saltillo, and is well confirmed. The American embassy has called on the Mexican Foreign Office to investigate and do whatever is possible to relieve the Americans should the report prove true.

Senator Gamboa, the Foreign Minister, has had no advice further than the communication from the embassy. He expressed regret, but added that it was not his department's business to interfere with the "neutrality policy" of the United States, which had hampered the administration in proceeding with strong-hand against rebels and bandits.

At night he spoke in an equally well-filled house, many people coming to the city in horse conveyances and automobiles. The report comes from an official source at Saltillo, and is well confirmed. The American embassy has called on the Mexican Foreign Office to investigate and do whatever is possible to relieve the Americans should the report prove true.

Refugees in Hands of Rebels.

Mexico City, September 14.—With Envoy Lind still awaiting instructions at Vera Cruz, the Mexican authorities appear to regard the diplomatic exchanges as a closed incident. Interest in the possible resumption of the negotiations is overshadowed by the approaching opening of Congress and the delivery of Provisional President Huerta's message. Congress will convene to-morrow.

Much importance is attached to the recent developments in the relations between Mexico and the United States, and to reveal more intimately the attitude of the administration in face of what Mexicans regard as the coercive measures of the United States.

That there will be two well organized delegations on the floor of the Chamber of Deputies, whose chief object will be to oppose the influence of the Catholic party, is common report in political circles. These factions will be headed by Jorge Vera Estanola, former Minister of Public Instruction, and Radolfo Reyes, who has just retired from the Ministry of justice. It is expected that both will be strong.

Colonel Murray Suffers Fractured Arm—Manoeuvres End To-Day

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Winchester, Va., September 14.—Colonel Canfield H. Murray, of the Twelfth Cavalry, commander-in-chief of the cavalry camp of instruction near Winchester, was thrown off his horse while directing manoeuvres yesterday, and his left arm was fractured between the wrist and elbow. The horse whirled around suddenly, throwing the colonel, and he fell heavily on his left side. Camp surgeons set the fractured bones, and Colonel Murray, although suffering more or less pain, is in the saddle again. The big program of manoeuvres, as mapped out by the general cavalry board, after receiving recommendations from those officers of the army who spent the latter part and early spring observing modern military tactics in Europe, will be completed to-morrow, when the last drill will be held, between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock in the morning. Other officers of the army staff, those attached to brigade headquarters, and others who have been here from time to time as observers since the camp was opened in July, will be expected to hold a series of meetings, and frame up a general report, to be submitted to the War Department, making recommendations which will probably result in a complete reorganization of the cavalry arm of the service.

High army officers are much pleased with the results that have been obtained here during the past two months, and it is stated that if the cavalry is reorganized along the lines to be suggested its general efficiency will be greatly enhanced.

There was much justification among the ranks of the Twelfth Cavalry Regiments yesterday, when orders were posted to the effect that these regiments would return to Fort Ethan Allen, N. H., and Fort Myer, Va., respectively, by rail instead of marching, as was the case when they were ordered to the Winchester camp of instruction.

The Twelfth Cavalry Regiments have not as yet learned whether they will march or proceed to their home stations by rail. The headquarters of the regiment is at Fort Myer, but about half the regiment will be brought here from Fort Sheridan, Ill. The machine gun platoons also have not received orders.

While nothing definite has been done in regard to making Winchester a permanent army post, it is known that the matter is being very seriously considered, and it is understood that agents of the government have approached owners of land in the vicinity of the Hackwood battlefield farm, now owned by Logan R. Fay, formerly of New York, which, it is claimed, is not only admirably suited for cavalry purposes, but for artillery and machine gun purposes. The big tract of 1,400 acres, owned by Noah W. Solenberger, four miles south-east of Winchester, upon which the instruction camp has been held, is also being considered.

Mr. Solenberger was asked whether he would accept \$18,000 for the camp site and some other land adjoining it, but it is not known whether he has replied. The tract near Hackwood, the cavalry camp and other places where officers gather.

The government has taken up the matter of establishing a school of the line in the suburbs of Winchester is also commonly reported at the cavalry camp and other places where officers gather.

Following is a list of the officers, with an additional list of delegates, as announced by Mrs. B. A. Blenner, chairman of the committee on hospitality:

President—Mrs. A. A. Campbell, Wytheville.

First vice-president—Mrs. James E. Alexander, Alexandria.

Second vice-president—Miss Alice Cowan, Harrisonburg.

Third vice-president—Mrs. Charles C. Guthrie, Charlotte Courthouse.

Fourth vice-president—Mrs. Frank Anthony Walke, Norfolk, Va.

Recording secretary—Mrs. W. C. N. Merchant, Chatham.

Corresponding secretary—Mrs. Peyton Green, Wytheville.

Treasurer—Mrs. S. A. Riddick, Smithfield.

Registrar—Mrs. J. R. K. Bell, Pulaski.

Custodian—Miss Lucy Berkeley, Haymarket.

Recorder of crosses—Mrs. J. E. Alexander, Alexandria.

Custodian of Virginia Division—Mrs. J. M. Garnett, Baltimore, Md.

District chairmen—Miss Nellie C. Preston, Seven Mile Ford; Mrs. Cabell Smith, Martinsville; Mrs. Charles C. Guthrie, Charlotte Courthouse; Mrs. Annie Kenney, Norfolk; Mrs. Walter Allen, Richmond; Mrs. B. A. Blenner, Richmond.

On education—Mrs. James P. Hart, Chatham.

Blue Ridge Chapter, Hamilton—Miss Laura Tamm; Mrs. W. S. Francis.

Hamilton-Wade Chapter, Christiansburg—Mrs. Charles E. Sumter, Mrs. R. M. Charlton, Miss Ella Walters.

Northampton Chapter, Northampton County—Miss Ann Cobb.

DIES SUDDENLY ON SHIPBOARD.

Dr. Garland P. Moore, Native of Northampton, Expires in Arabia.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Cape Charles, Va., September 14.—Dr. Garland P. Moore, of Northampton, and well known throughout that county, but who for nearly four years had occupied the position of medical officer of the United States Marine Hospital at Cape Charles, died suddenly on shipboard last Tuesday at Arden, Arabia. While no details are obtainable, or other information at hand, save such as was conveyed by official telegrams of the surgeon-general at Washington, it is believed that death was probably occasioned by heart failure. The body will, it is understood, be taken to Northampton, and will be buried at Moore and brought to New York, or Mrs. Moore may come via San Francisco, in which case the body will be kept in a retaining vault until her arrival. Whether the doctor intended to be taken to Baltimore is not known.

TO COMMEMORATE FREE RACE

Richmond Negroes Will Meet To-Night to Discuss Plans for Representation.

BIG NEW YORK EXPOSITION

Semicentennial of Emancipation Will Be Held Latter Part of October.

Richmond negroes are taking great interest in the big exposition which will be held next month in New York City to show the advancement made by the race during the last fifty years and to celebrate the semicentennial of emancipation. A meeting to discuss plans for a suitable representation will be held to-night at the office of Giles B. Jackson, 511 North Second Street, at which committee to make preliminary arrangements will probably be appointed.

The exposition will be held in the Twelfth Regiment Armory, beginning October 22, and will continue for ten days. The State of New York has given its approval by the appointment of an emancipation proclamation commission, which will make an appropriation of \$25,000 to cover the initial expenses. Contributions from wealthy negroes in various parts of the country guarantee that there will be no failure in the enterprise through lack of funds.

During the exposition various congresses will be held. One relating to sociological affairs is to continue for two days; another on religion is to last two days, and a third is to consider subjects concerning health. While there will be pageants showing the progress of the negro race from the earliest times, special attention will be placed on what the race has accomplished since the proclamation of emancipation a half century ago.

Five pageants will be staged during the ten days of the exposition. More than 250 men, women and children will participate, and the various groups will be made up of seven in number, each of them depicting a different stage in the progress of the race.

Two and one-half hours will be required each night for the presentation of the pageants and tableaux. The first of these is to be the early dawn of the liberty that was to follow thousands of years later, and shows the negroes of Africa, among other things, in the Valley of the Nile, showing life under Mohammedan rule; "Rise of American Slave Traders," illustrative of the slave trade in Africa and the bringing of the negro slaves to America in chains; "Early Struggles in America"; "The Gift of Freedom," and a final allegorical tableau, "Hope and Encouragement for the Future," in which negro children will predominate, showing how they have benefited by education and what the future holds for them.

Invitations have been sent to every negro of prominence in the United States, to a number of white persons, and to General Philippe Auguste, of the French Republic, who is expected to attend the exposition, and it is expected that a special train will carry the party to New York.

The Semicentennial of Emancipation, in Philadelphia, is scheduled to open this morning, but will probably be delayed several days. The following delegates have been appointed to represent Virginia: James W. Poe, of Richmond; L. L. Jackson, of Charlottesville; Rev. James L. Russell, of Lawrenceville; Rev. A. S. Thomas, of Richmond; J. R. Wilson, of Danville; Rev. L. L. Downing, of Roanoke; Lucy G. Lewis, of Richmond; Julia D. Smith, of Phoebus, and Susan Vaughan, of Bestland.

Following is a list of the officers, with an additional list of delegates, as announced by Mrs. B. A. Blenner, chairman of the committee on hospitality:

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Reunion United Confederate Veterans of Virginia

ROANOKE, VA., SEPT. 17TH-19TH.

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VIA NORFOLK & WESTERN RY.

Tickets will be sold September 15th, 16th and 17th, good for return passage until September 23, 1913. For children five (5) and under twelve (12) years of age half fares will be charged. Pullman, Parlor and Sleeping Car Full information cheerfully furnished at company's office, 838 East Main St., Richmond, Va. Phone Madison 457.

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When you have placed an order to have your house wired, you have placed an order to receive an unlimited amount of comfort.

After your house has been wired and our service put in, you will then wonder why you have put this comfort off so long.

A visit to our show room will give you an idea of what we mean by comfort.

Virginia Railway and Power Co.

Seventh & Franklin Streets.

Jailer Garnett Upset by Shark Talk

Hobo Tells How He Dodged Fins While Playing as Movie Hero.

Since jails were first built to deprive obstreperous individuals of their liberty, many strange tales have been waited from behind the grim stone walls, but Deputy Sheriff Riter C. Garnett, jailer of Henrico County, heard one yesterday that has made him scratch his head in bewilderment several times.

"When I gotta work in a shark's front yard, well, then I quit," was the resentful remark that caused Jailer Garnett to prick up his ears.

"What's that?" he said.

"Now, look here, boss," began Willie Gardner, of Brooklyn, N. Y., the latest wayfarer to register at Hotel de Kemp, "I ain't no common hobo. I'm a movie piker actor in hard luck."

"Well, what're you doing with those bumps?" he was asked by the officer, who had picked up several alleged panhandlers just outside of the corporation limits.

"It's this way: I been working with a troupe of actors around New York, and a few days ago the stage manager of the concern got an idea in his head that we should do a sure mind jumpin' often buildings or gettin' run over by automobiles every day, but I am shy on this here water business."

Even Jailer Garnett was too interested at this time to note the fact that the hero told the strict truth at that moment.

"So come to the Battery we went. I was casted for the heavy, or villain part in the dramma. Just when me and the hero had said the I'll-never-dis-I-get-you speech, and we were plunging overboard, the hero was floundering and puffin' around, som'yap say a fl glitterin' through the water."

"Sharks!" he yelled, "and right away there was more action than the movie machine could catch. To make matters worse, the leading guy's best girl was watching him do his unhandy act, and she was so excited. We was swimmin' in the sea, and she was floundering and puffin' around, som'yap say a fl glitterin' through the water."

"What became of the shark?" was the excited question from one of the listeners.

"Why, don't you know, that animal was so ashamed of frightening that beautiful lady and upsetting us actors so that he swam to the bottom of the sea and eat sand? No, I won't work."

"Aw!" began one of his comrades. The others stared out of the window, and some said it was a cloudy day with frost in the air. Then Mr. Garnett gave a high sign, and Willie went back to his iron mattress.

NEW ROAD OPEN TO PUBLIC.

Modern Highway Being Constructed Between Bristol and Abingdon.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Bristol, Va., September 14.—The new macadam road, now being constructed between Bristol and Abingdon, on which State convicts are doing the work, has been thrown open to the public. The road, which is a distance of six miles. This is one of the best roads ever constructed in Washington County, and it is believed that it will prove of great value to the merchants and business men of Bristol and Abingdon. It is also proposed to make it a part of the Bristol-to-Washington highway, which is to be constructed with a view to making connection with the Memphis-to-Bristol highway, now being constructed across Tennessee.

The appointment of John H. G